



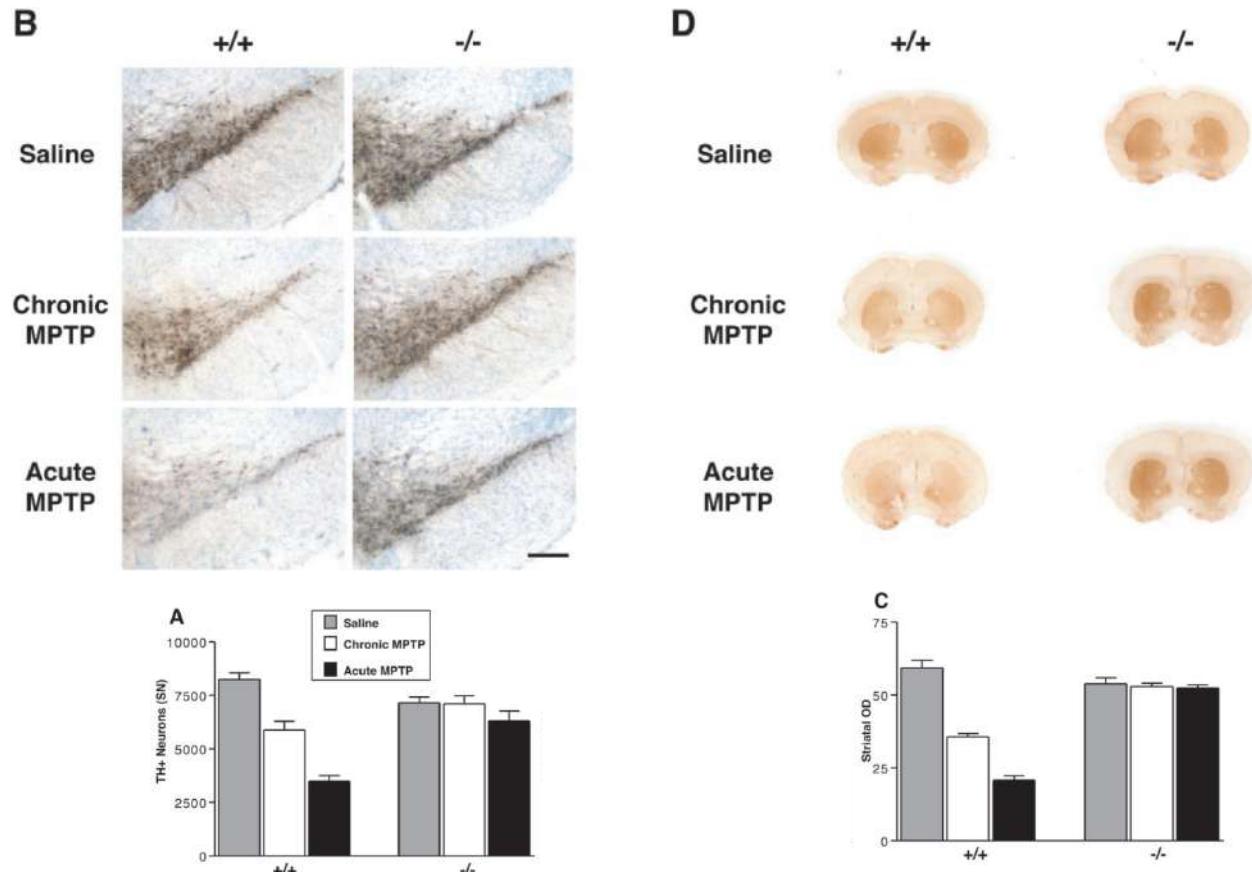
α -Synuclein localizes to Mitochondria-Associated ER Membranes

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Why α -synuclein ?

- Its mutation or overexpression causes PD
- Lack of α -syn prevents MPTP toxicity (Dauer et al., PNAS 2002)
- The molecular mechanism of α -syn toxicity remains unknown

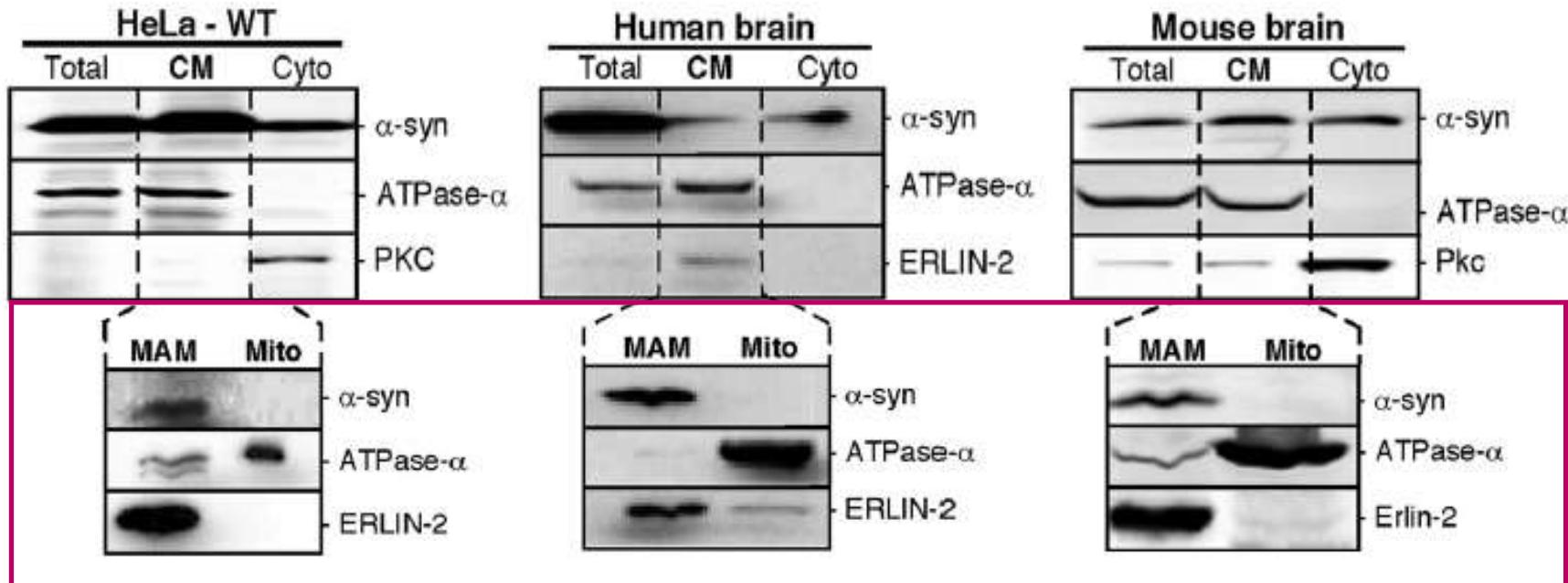


Dauer et al., Proc Natl Acad Sci USA, 99: 14524-14529, 2002.

Is α -synuclein associated with mitochondria?

- α -Syn *at* or *in* mitochondria (Li et al., 2007; Cole et al., 2008; Devi et al., 2008; Parihar et al., 2008, Shavali et al., 2008)
- Consistent with affinity for lipid bilayer membranes, especially in *lipid raft-like domain* (i.e. enriched in cholesterol and phospholipids)
- None of the prediction algorithms (e.g. MitoProt) recognize α -syn as a mitochondrially targeted protein
- Two tests:
 - *In vitro* import assay of [35 S-Met/Cys]-labeled WT and mutant α -syn
 - Western blots of subcellular fractionations

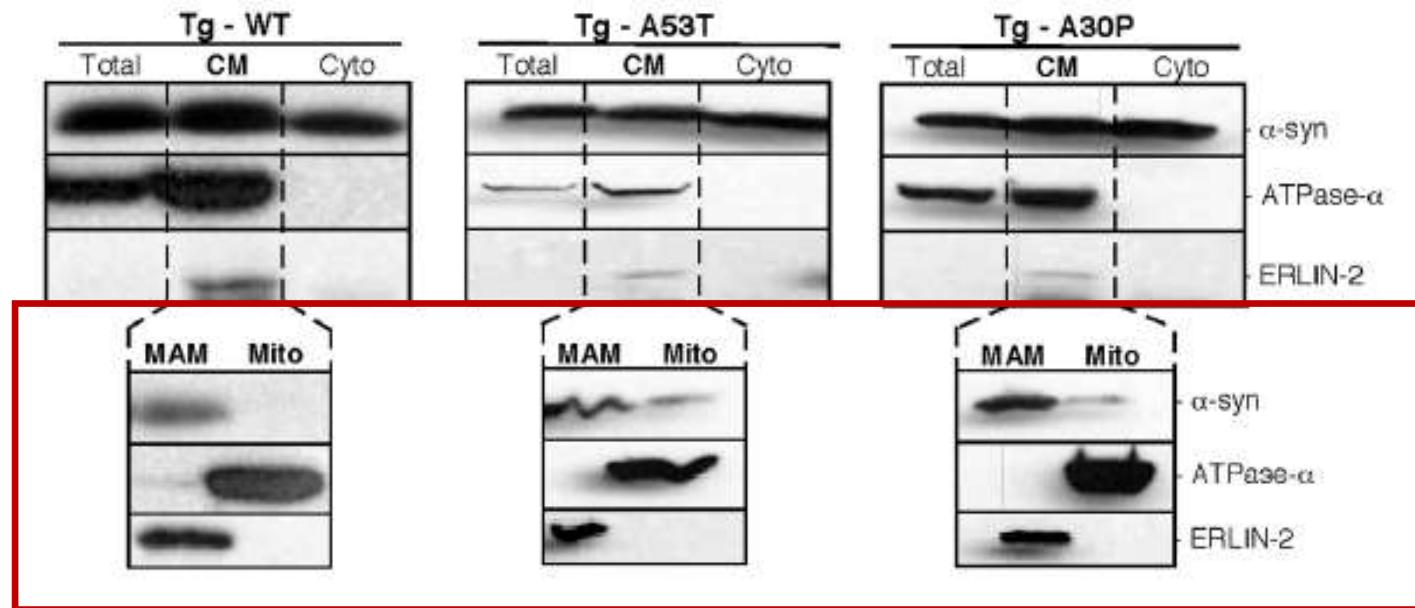
Where in the cell is α -synuclein located?



Percoll gradient centrifugation

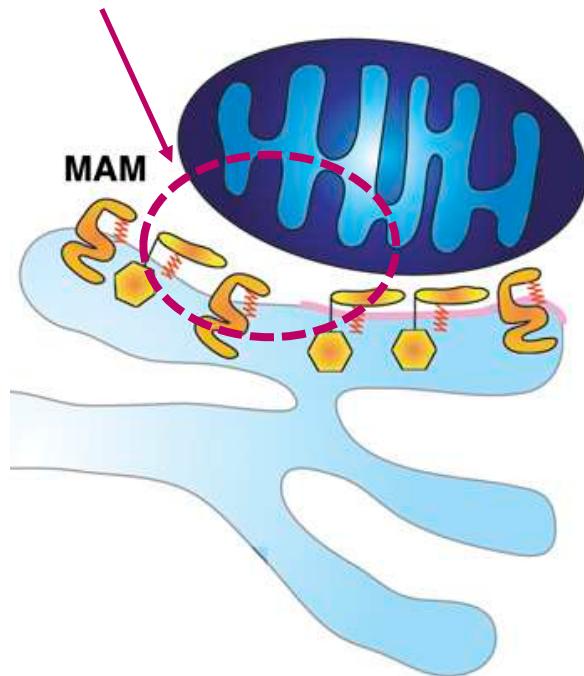
Guardia-Laguarta C et al., J Neurosci 2014

But mutant α -synuclein...

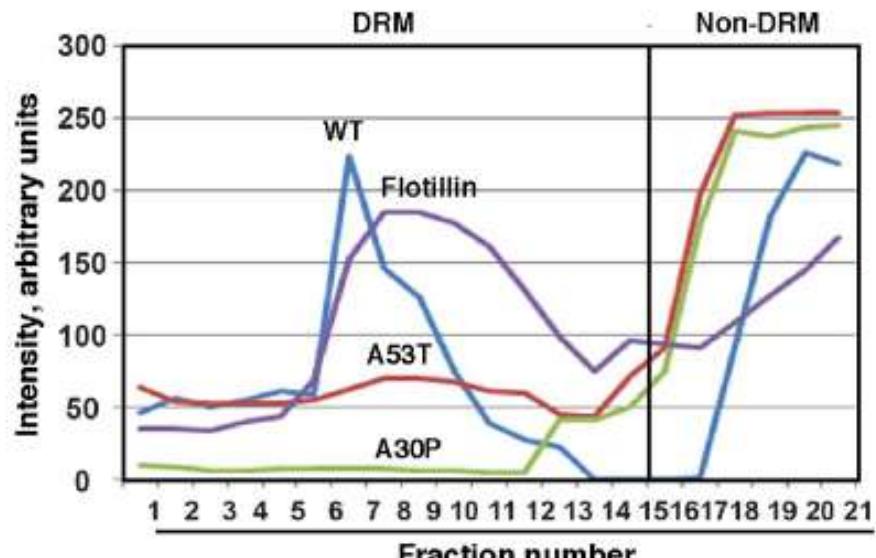


And WT α -Syn is recovered from raft-like domains...

Detergent-resistant
membranes (DRMs) from crude mitochondria

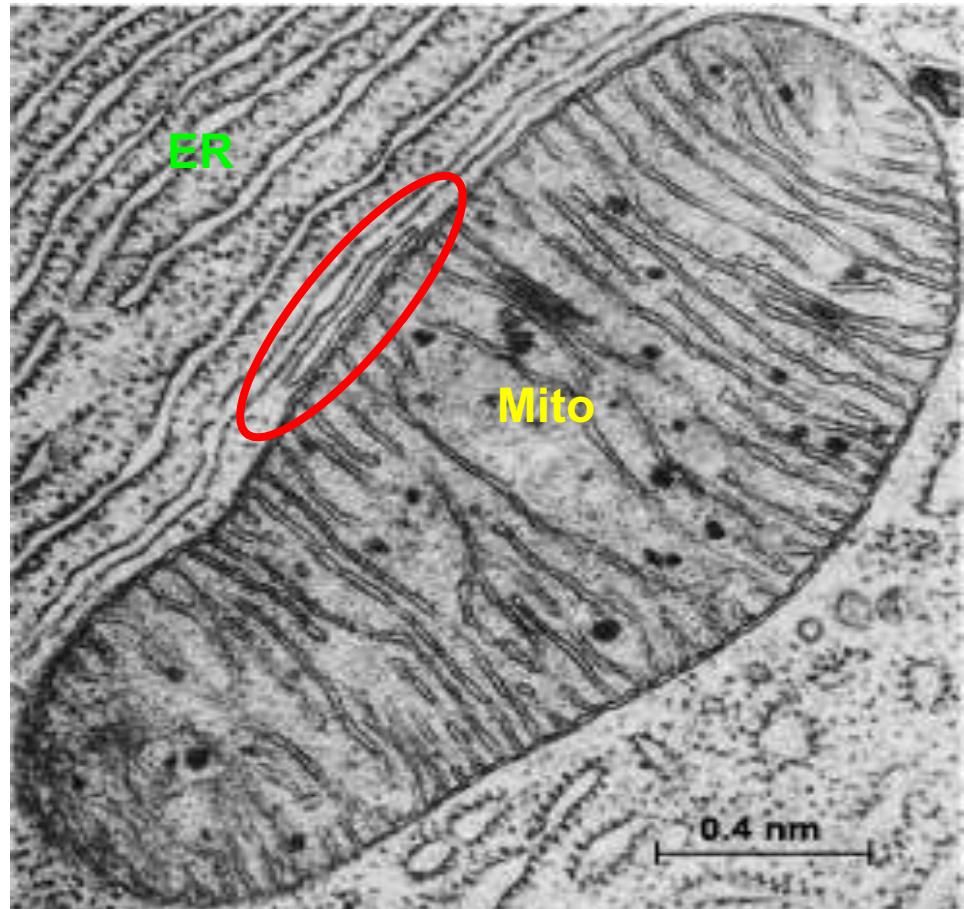
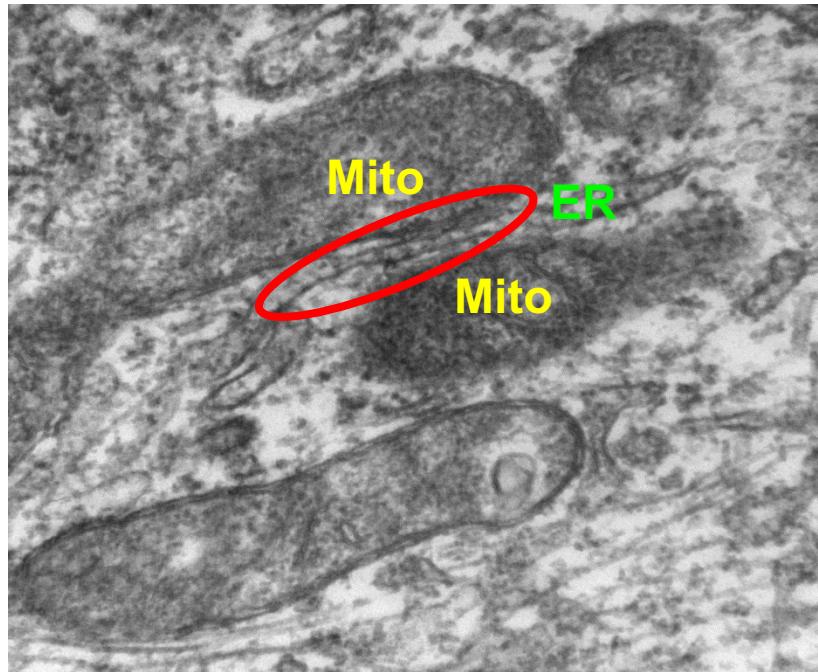


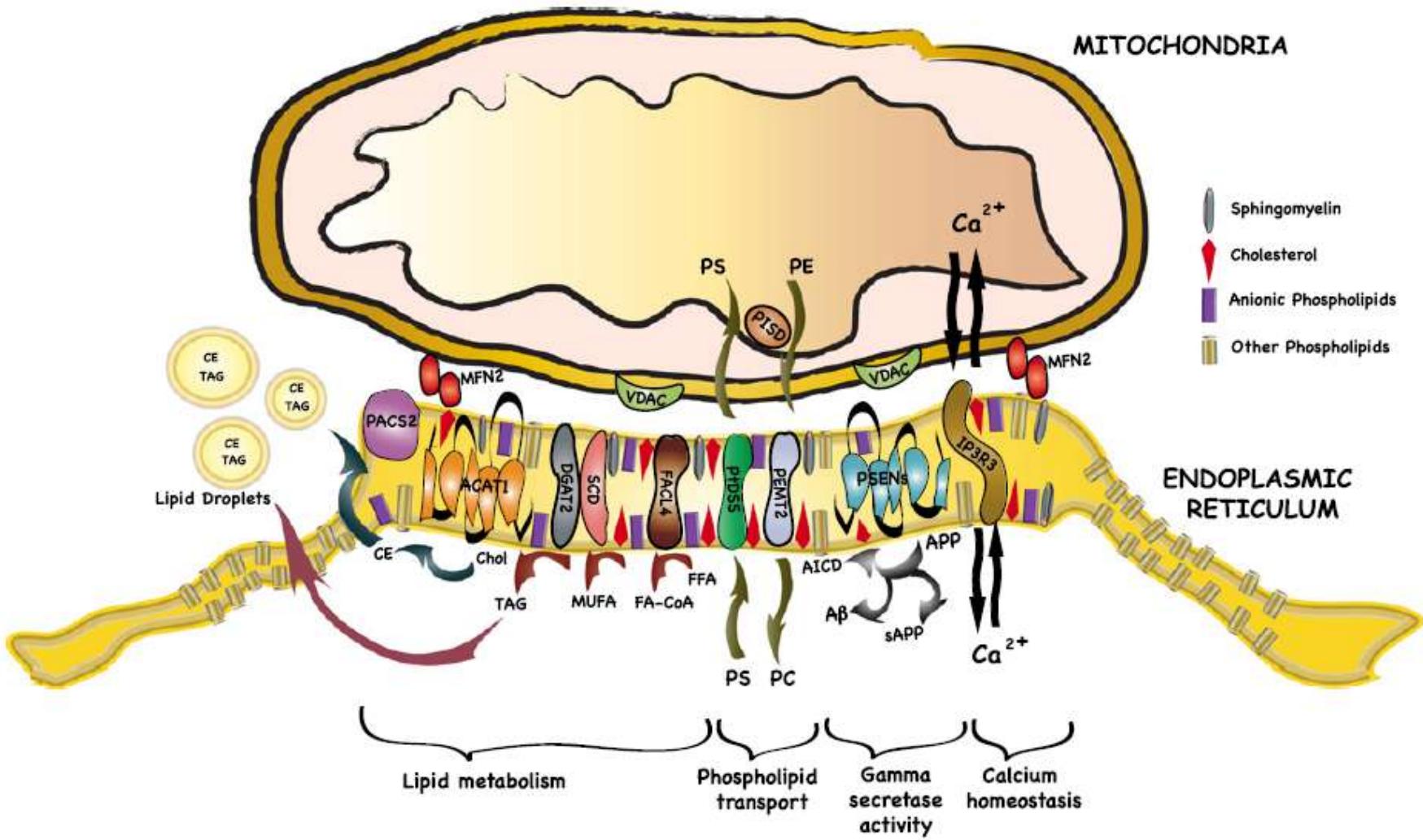
Sucrose gradient centrifugation



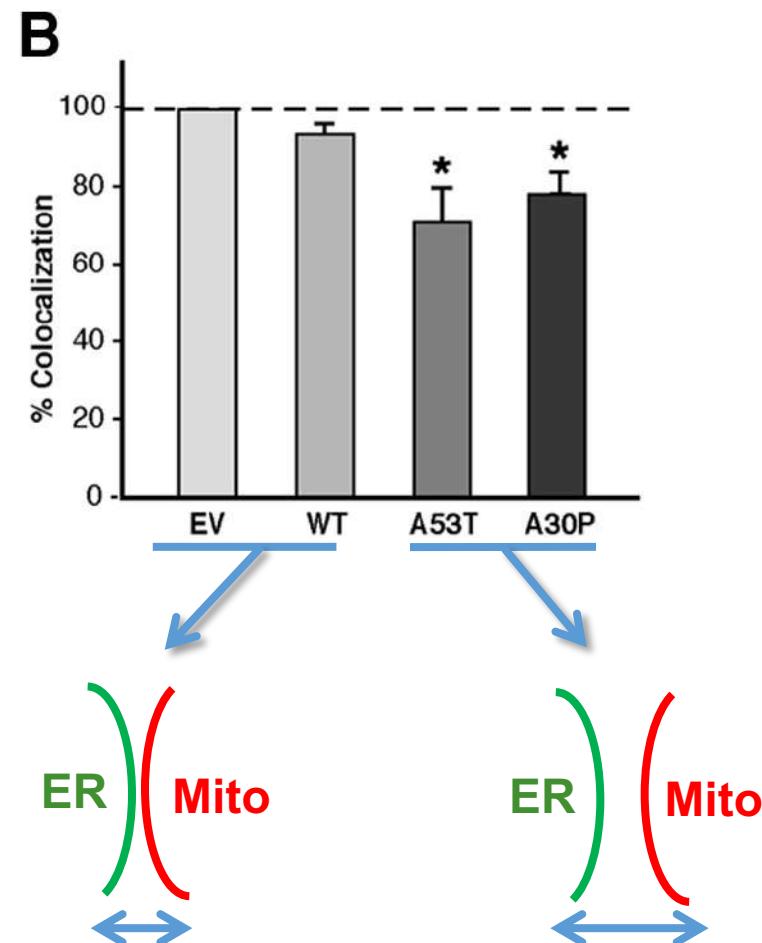
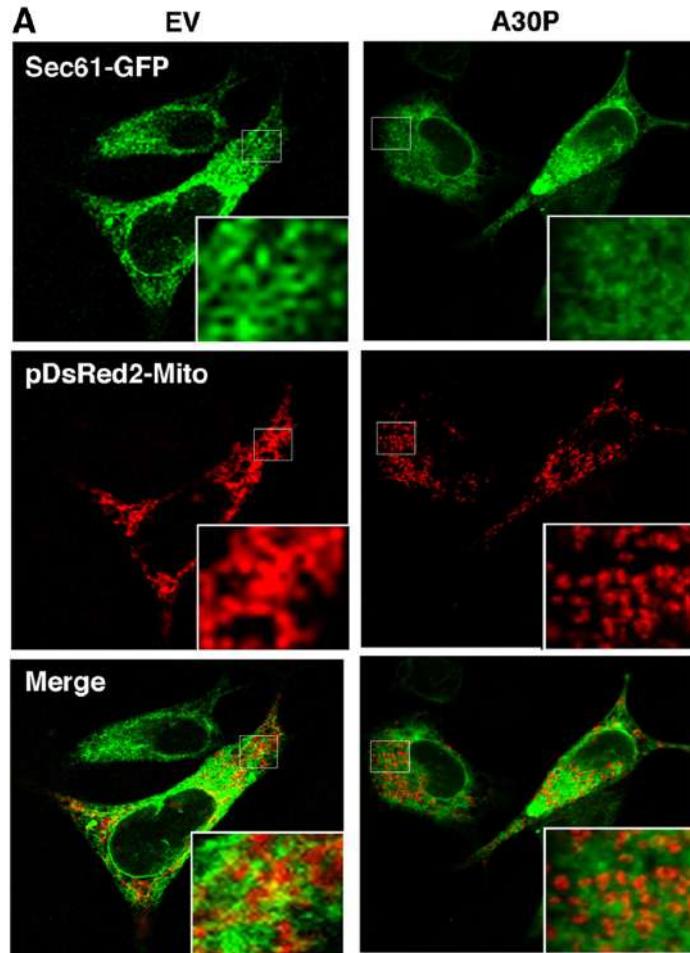
Flotillin = Raft marker

Mitochondria-Associated Membranes (MAM)

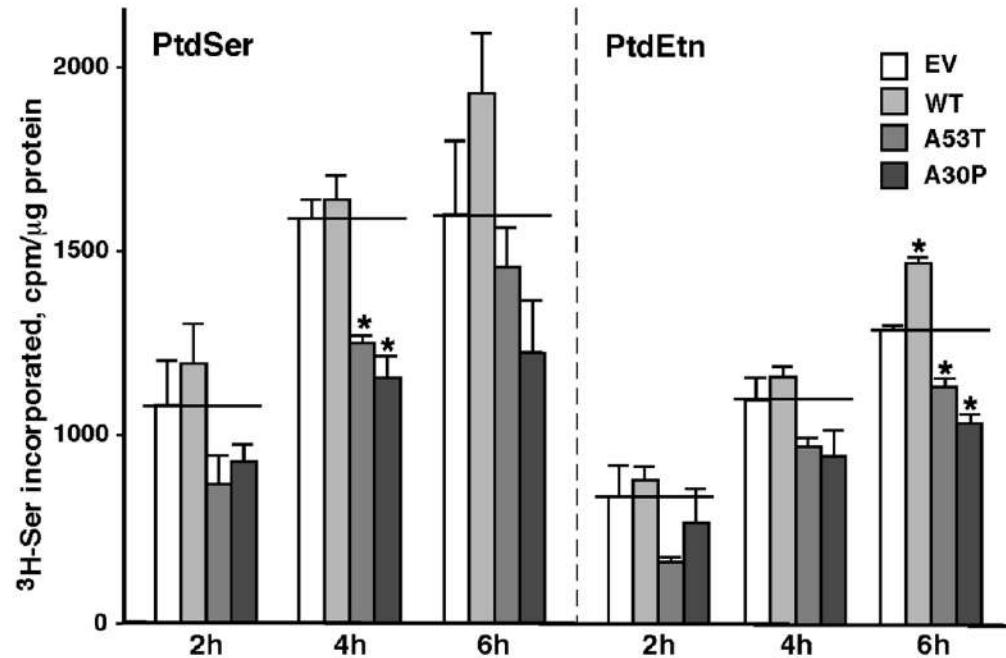
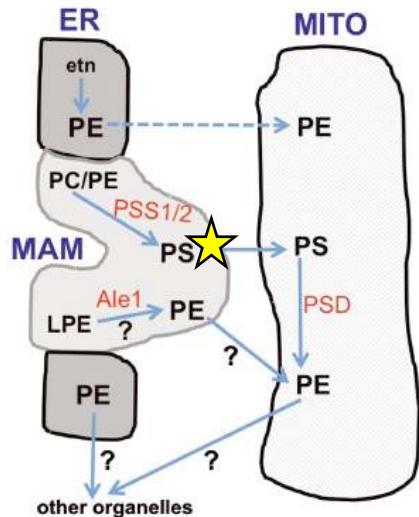




Mutations in α -synuclein reduce ER-mitochondria apposition



α -Syn mutants alter phospholipid transfer



A53T and A30P mutations caused a significant decrease in PtdSer and PtdEtn synthesis, inducing a decrease in MAM activity

Take home messages

- WT α -syn, apart from being cytosolic, is also in MAM
- Mutant α -syn altered distribution between cytosol and MAM
- This misallocation is associated with:
 - ↓ ER–mitochondria apposition
 - ↓ Lipid biosynthesis
- α -Syn at the ER–mitochondrial may explain previous reports on α -syn association with *mitochondria* (using CM preparations) and *nerve terminal synaptic vesicles*
- α -syn in MAM may help us understand the role α -syn plays in PD pathogenesis



COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY
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Strength in optimism. Hope in progress.

